History of Ancient Rome Final Review Guide

**Early History of Rome**

Aeneas – Foundations

Location of Rome

Early Government

Disillusionment with the monarchy

Lucretia, Brutus

Establishment of the Republic

Early Stories Associated with Rome

Brutus and sons, Horatius at the Bridge, Secession of the Plebs,

**Roman Expansion in Italy**

Early enemies (Veii, Latins, Samnites, Greeks)

Important leaders (Camillus, Decius, Corvus, Manlius)

**First Punic War**

Location, Enemies, Battles, General Time, Outcome

**Second Punic War**

Carthage on Iberian Peninsula, Diplomacy Failure, Hannibal’s Rise

March to Italy

Important Battles – Trebia, Trasimene, Carrhae, Zama

Important Figures – Hamilcar, Hannibal, Fabius Pictor, Scipio Africanus

Reasons for Roman success

**Roman Expansion in the Mediterranean**

Rome’s enemies – Greek, Macedonian, Syrian, Carthage

Important figures- Phillip, Antiochus, Cato

Importance of the Destruction of Carthage

**Downfall of the Republic**

Tiberius Gracchus, Gaius Gracchus, Gaius Marius, Lucius Cornelius Sulla

**For Each\*\*** Reforms, Position, Actions, Death

Spartacus

Rise of Pompey the Great – vs. Pirates, vs. Mithridates

2nd Triumvirate – Pompey, Crassus, Caesar

Desires of each, contributions of each

Successes of the Triumvirate

Decline of the Triumvirate

Julius Caesar in Gaul

Civil War

Preceding Events, Caesar across Rubicon, Caesar moving through Italy, Battle of Pharsalus, Caesar in Egypt, Caesar as dictator, Assassination

**Rise of an Empire**

Events in Rome after death of Caesar

Adoption of Octavian, Antony chasing Decimus Brutus, Battle of Mutina, Formation of Second Tirumvirate

The Second Triumvirate

Octavian, Antony, Lepidus – Goals, fundraising, Battle of Philippi

Issues with the 2nd Triumvirate – Cleopatra, Lepidus (lol), Battle of Actium

Octavian in Sole Control

First settlement, Actions in Rome, as Emperor (worksheet), establishment of principate

Miscellaneous Information

Setup of the Roman Government

Setup of Roman Social Structure

Gladiators

Roman Religious Institutions

Roman Architectural Feats – City planning, Aqueducts, Coliseum

FROM EMPEROR PRESENTATIONS

Julio-Claudian Dynasty

Tiberius, Caligula, Claudius, Nero

Rise of Christianity

Adoptive Emperors

Trajan, Hadrian, Antoninus Pious, Marcus Aurelius

Commodus

Diocletian

Persecutions of Christians, Splitting the Empire

Constantine

Rise of Christianity, Edict of Milan, Council of Nicaea

End of Rome

Issues facing Rome during decline, Final Sack by Visogoths

Aftermath of Rome