Final Review Guide

Please complete this reading guide by the day you take your final. This is a REQUIRED assignment and is worth 30 points. The space available on this page is NOT enough to “fill out” the review guide. For each concept, idea, person, etc., you should explain the significance.

The final will cover everything we have looked at over the course of the second semester. It will bring in aspects from the first semester that are applicable (i.e. Plato's cycle of government, the different forms of government, locations, etc.)

THERE WILL BE A MAP SECTION ON THE FINAL: AFRICA, EUROPE, AND MESOPOTAMIA WILL BE ON THE MAP, AS WELL AS THE SURROUNDING BODIES OF WATER.

**Definitions to know:**

 Democracy, Republic, Monarchy, Theocracy, Anarchy, Poly/Monotheistic, Patron, Fresco Circumnavigation, Absolutism, Empire, Nationalism, Partition

**Middle Ages**

 Origins of the Middle Ages

 What life was like during the Middle Ages

 What did the government look like in the Middle Ages

 Feudalism – Vassals, Lords, Peasants, Serfs

 Castles

 Religion in the Middle Ages

 Important Leaders from the Middle Ages

 Charlemagne, Philip IV,Pope Gregory, Pope Urban II

 Chivalry

 Economic Advances in the High Middle Ages

 Three field, Bills of Sale, Insurance Companies, Partnerships

 Governmental Developments

 Juries, Magna Carta,

 The Crusades

 When were they? Where were they? Why did they happen?

**Asia in the Middle Ages**

 Genghis Khan and the Mongols

 Early life, Rise to power, Style of warfare, expansion

 China

 Under the Yuan Dynasty, Wars, Fall of Yuan – Ming

 Japan

 Location, Emperor's Power, and Warfare

**The Renaissance**

 Why did the Renaissance happen where it did?

 When was the Renaissance?

 What WAS the Renaissance?

 Inspiration for the Renaissance

 Focus of Renaissance

 Important artists/artwork

 The Turtles and Botticelli: Leonardo, Michelangelo, Raphael, Donatello

 Birth of Venus, the Davids, Sistine Chapel, Mona Lis, Last Supper

 Evolution of art during this period

 Advancements in Literature

 Dante, Shakespeare, Machiavelli

 Advancements in Science

 Galileo, Copernicus

**The Age of Exploration**

Early Explorers

 Bartholomew Dias, Christopher Columbus, Magellan

 Exploration of Africa, Triangle Trade, Middle Passage, Effects on slavery

**Mesoamerica**

Problems with understanding their history

 General time frame for Mesoamerican/South American Societies

 The Olmecs – religion, buildings, end

 The Maya/Aztec

 Where and when were they – why did they end?

 Religion

**The Age of Absolutism**

 French Absolutist Leaders – Henry – Louis XVI

 Significant accomplishments, big mistakes, treatment of population

 End of French absolutism

 French Revolution

 Why did it occur

 Leaders? Robespierre, Marat

 Goals of the revolution, successes, failures

 England

 The stuart dynasty

 Important leaders

 Clashes with the population

 Civil War

 Outcome, New Leadership, Successes

 Restoration of Monarchy through Glorious Revolution

**Industrial Revolution**

Time Period

 Characteristics allowing for development

Important inventions/driving features of IR

 Effects on population

**Napoleon through Nationalism**

Napoleon's beginnings

 Assumption of power

 Successes – where and why was the French military successful

 Napoleon in France – treatment of population

 Invasion of Russia

 Reason for failure, outcome, Napoleon's fate

 Return of Napoleon

 Europe vs. Napoleon – outcome

**Unification**

Political layout of Germany and Italy prior to Unification

 Reasons for unification

 Difficulties of unification – resistance

 Important leaders of unification

 Blood and Iron/ Germany's resources

**Imperialism**

Reasons for Imperialism

Partition of Africa – Berlin Conference

 Europe exploiting Africa

 European advantages over Africa

 Europe in Asia

 China, India, Asia

 What was the relationship between the two like

**World War I – WWI**

 Europe in the Late 1800s

 Understand the reasons behind the outbreak of the war

 Immediate vs. Underlying

 Triple Entente vs. Triple Alliance

 Goals – France/Germany/Serbia

 The Schleiffen Plan – Purpose, Successes, Failures

 Britain into the war

 Trench Warfare

 What defines the fighting?

 Conditions in the trenches

 Weapons developments

 Impact on the War Effort

 The Russian Revolution

 Outcome, effects on war

 Violations of International Law – Allies and Germans

 U-boats – reasons for, successes, tactics, ramifications of

 Women in the War – what they did, end of war, post war effects

 US Entry into the War

 Reasons for involvement, contributions, goals

 End of the War

 Treaty of Versailles

 What it said, who it helped, who it hurt

**Hitler's Origins and Early Life**

 Hitler's early hopes

 Hitler in WWI

 The Beer Hall Putsch

 Jail time

 Acquisition of power in Germany

**Hitler in Power**

 Appeasement

 Hitler/Stalin Pact

 Acquisition of territory

 Blitzkrieg

 On Poland

 On France

 At Dunkirk

**Battle of Britain – Barbarossa**

 B.o.B – Type of Battle

 Winner

 Why did it end?

 What was the Blitz

 History of Barbarossa

 Success/Failure of Barbarossa

**Pacific Campaign**

 Early tensions with Japan

 Attack at Pearl Harbor

 Island Hopping Campaign

 Iwo Jima

 Decision to drop the atomic bombs

 Kamikaze

**Back in time and back in Europe**

 D-Day

 The Battle of the Bulge

 The Final Push to Berlin

 Death of Hitler

 Division of Berlin and Europe